

Comment on the compliance of COM (2016) 861 with the principles of subsidiarity and proportionality

(Non-official summary of the original version, drafted by the commenting region)¹

1. Commenting region / institution

Please specify the region and institution that comments.		
Thüringen State Parliament, DE		
2. COM - Document		
Please specify the EU initiative the comment refers to by indicating its reference and its title.		
Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the internal market for electricity (recast) COM (2016) 861		

3. Type of Comment

Please specify the type of comment.				
\boxtimes	Comment			
	⊠ on the legal basis of the EU initiative			
	☐ on better lawmaking			
	General Comment			

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ The form has been developed in cooperation with the Thuringia State Parliament.

4. Legal basis

Please specify your comment in relation to the EU competence to act regarding the initiative.					
\boxtimes	No	/ wrong legal basis conferring on the EU the competence to act			
5. Subsidiarity and proportionality					
Please specify the reasons why the draft legislative act in question does not comply with the principles of subsidiarity and/or proportionality.					
	<u>Inf</u>	ringement of the principle of subsidiarity ²			
	Foi	rmal infringement			
		The justification concerning subsidiarity included in the draft legislative act does not fulfill the requirements set in article 5 of the Protocol on the application of the principles of subsidiarity and proportionality.			
	Sul	bstantive infringement			
		The proposed action is not necessary because			
		the objective/s of this action can be sufficiently achieved by the Member States, either at central, regional or local level;			
		the issue being addressed has no transnational aspects;			
		existing EU measures and/or targeted assistance provided in this framework are sufficient to achieve the intended objective/s.			
		The proposed action does not provide a clear benefit (like economies of scale, legal clarity, homogeneity in legal approaches) compared with action at central, regional or local level.			
		Other reasons or explanations (please specify):			
	<u>Inf</u>	ringement of the principle of <i>proportionality</i> ³			
		The proposed form of action (legal instrument) legislates to an extent which is not necessary to achieve the intended objective/s (e. g. a directive instead of a regulation would be sufficient)			
		The content of the proposed action exceeds what is necessary to achieve the Intended objective/s (e.g. too detailed directive).			

² Art. 5 (3) TEU

³ Art. 5 (4) TEU

	The proposed action does not leave sufficient room for national decision . Other reasons or explanations (please specify):			
6. Better lawmaking				
Please indicate the reasons why the EU initiative at stake does not respect the principle of better lawmaking.				

principle of better lawmaking.				
	Local and regional aspects are not taken properly into account.			
	Local and regional authorities have not been properly consulted in the process leading to the EU initiative.			
	Arguments put forward in the impact assessment in support of compliance with the subsidiarity and proportionality principals are not sufficient.			
	The implementation of the proposed action would entail disproportionate financial/and or administrative burdens ⁴ and associated costs.			
	In the case of a draft regulation: the proposal is not sufficiently detailed (essential elements may have to be provided for by delegated acts).			
	Other reasons or explanations (please specify):			

7. General comment

Please specify your comment.

The limitation of the priority given to generating installations using renewable energy sources, when organizing the flow of electricity, as well as the transfer of decision competences to the European Commission with reference to the bidding zone borders infringe the principle of subsidiarity and proportionality as the proposed measures affect a Member State's right to determine the condition for exploring its energy resources, its choice between different energy sources and the general structure of its energy supply. The proposed measures are therefore not in line with Art. 194 (2) TFEU. Moreover, the introduction by law of Regional Operational Centers (ROCs) in addition to the already existing Service-Centers of the transmission system operators is not in line with the principle of proportionality. The proposed measures would lead to unnecessary double-structures, which may cause uncertainty with reference to competence and responsibility issues. Concerns related to the security of energy supply should remain in the competence of the Member States.

⁴ Administrative burdens are the costs borne by business, economic operators, citizens and public authorities in the process of complying with information obligations imposed by legislation which they would not have collected and provided in the absence of such legislation.