

<u>Comment on the compliance of COM (2013) 404 with the principles</u> of subsidiarity and proportionality¹

1. Commenting region / institution

Please specify the region and institution that comments.

Thüringen State Parliament, DE

2. COM - Document

Please specify the EU initiative the comment refers to by indicating its reference and its title.

COM (2013) 404

Proposal for a Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on certain rules governing actions for damages under national law for infringements of the competition law provisions of the Member States and of the European Union

3. Type of Comment

Please specify the type of comment.

Comment

- on the legal basis of the EU initiative
- \boxtimes on the infringement of the principle of subsidiarity
- \boxtimes on the infringement of the principle of proportionality

on better lawmaking

General Comment

¹ Non-official summary of the original version elaborated by the commenting region. This form has been developed in cooperation with the Thüringen State Parliament.

4. Legal basis

Please specify your comment in relation to the EU competence to act regarding the initiative.

No / wrong legal basis conferring on the EU the competence to act

5. Subsidiarity and Proportionality

Please specify the reasons why the draft legislative act in question does not comply with the principles of subsidiarity and/or proportionality.			
	<u>Infr</u>	ringement of the principle of subsidiarity ²	
	For	mal infringement	
		The justification concerning subsidiarity included in the draft legislative act does not fulfill requirements set in article 5 of the Protocol on the application of the principles of subsidiarity proportionality.	
	Sul	bstantive infringement	
	\square	The proposed action is not necessary because	
		\boxtimes the objective/s of this action can be sufficiently achieved by the Member States, either at central, regional or local level;	
		the issue being addressed has no transnational aspects;	
		existing EU measures and/or targeted assistance provided in this framework are sufficient to achieve the intended objective/s.	
	□ clar	The proposed action does not provide a clear benefit (like economies of scale, legal ity, homogeneity in legal approaches) compared with action at central, regional or local level.	
	\square	Other reasons or explanations (please specify):	
	nec	ecial procedural rules in regard of an infringement of Articles 101 and 102 TFEU are not essary and would deviate from the principles and rules contained by the German civil cedure law.	
		s of supreme importance that the national legislator retains a sufficient margin for lementation, in order to safeguard the coherence of the respective national legal systems.	

Infringement of the principle of proportionality ³
The proposed form of action (legal instrument) legislates to an extent which is not necessary to achieve the intended objective/s (e. g. a directive instead of a regulation would be sufficient).
The content of the proposed action exceeds what is necessary to achieve the Intended objective/s (e.g. too detailed directive).
The proposed action does not leave sufficient room for national decision .
Other reasons or explanations (please specify):
Germany has already successfully established an efficient and balanced system for claiming compensation of damages at the national level.

6. Better lawmaking

Please indicate the reasons why the EU initiative at stake does not respect the principle of better lawmaking.		
Local and regional aspects are not taken properly into account.		
Local and regional authorities have not been properly consulted in the process leading to the EU initiative.		
Arguments put forward in the impact assessment in support of compliance with the subsidiarity and proportionality principals are not sufficient.		
☐ The implementation of the proposed action would entail disproportionate financial/and or administrative burdens ⁴ and associated costs.		
In the case of a draft regulation: the proposal is not sufficiently detailed (essential elements may have to be provided for by delegated acts).		
Other reasons or explanations (please specify):		

7. General comment

Please specify your comment.

³ Art. 5 (4) TEU ⁴ Administrative burdens are the costs borne by business, economic operators, citizens and public authorities in the process of complying with information obligations imposed by legislation which they would not have collected and provided in the absence of such legislation.